



Licence Number	L8129/2006/2					
Licence Holder ACN	Cleanaway Equipment Services Pty Lto 001 576 889					
Registered business address	441 St Kilda Road MELBOURNE WA 3004					
File Number	DER2015/001538-1					
Duration	28/08/2010 to 27/08/2029					
Date of amendment	05 October 2018					
Prescribed Premises	Category 61 – liquid waste facility Category 62 – solid waste depot					
Premises	Cleanaway Equipment Services 92 Radium Street WELSHPOOL WA 6106					
	Being Lot 23 on Diagram 71201					

This Licence is granted to the Licence Holder, subject to the following conditions, on 05 October 2018, by:

Rebecca Kelly MANAGER WASTE INDUSTRIES

an officer delegated under section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)

Explanatory notes

These explanatory notes do not form part of this Licence.

Defined terms

Definition of terms used in this Licence can be found at the start of this Licence. Terms which are defined have the first letter of each word capitalised throughout this Licence.

Department of Water and Environmental Regulation

The Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) is established under section 35 of the *Public Sector Management Act 1994* and designated as responsible for the administration of Part V, Division 3 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (WA) (EP Act). The Department also monitors and audits compliance with licences, takes enforcement action and develops and implements licensing and industry regulation policy.

Licence

Section 56 of the EP Act provides that an occupier of Prescribed Premises commits an offence if Emissions are caused or increased, or permitted to be caused or increased, or Waste, noise, odour or electromagnetic radiation is altered, or permitted to be altered, from Prescribed Premises, except in accordance with a works approval or licence.

Categories of Prescribed Premises are defined in Schedule 1 of the *Environment Protection Regulations 1987* (WA) (EP Regulations).

This Licence does not authorise any activity which may be a breach of the requirements of another statutory authority including, but not limited to the following:

- conditions imposed by the Minister for Environment under Part IV of the EP Act;
- conditions imposed by DWER for the clearing of native vegetation under Part V, Division 2 of the EP Act;
- any requirements under the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2007;
- any requirements under the *Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004*; and
- any other requirements specified through State legislation.

It is the responsibility of the Licence Holder to ensure that any action or activity referred to in this Licence is permitted by, and is carried out in compliance with, other statutory requirements.

The Licence Holder must comply with the Licence. Contravening a Licence Condition is an offence under s.58 of the EP Act.

Responsibilities of a Licence Holder

Separate to the requirements of this Licence, general obligations of Licence Holders are set out in the EP Act and the regulations made under the EP Act. For example, the Licence Holder must comply with the following provisions of the EP Act:

- the duties of an occupier under section 61; and
- restrictions on making certain changes to Prescribed Premises unless the changes are in accordance with a works approval, Licence, closure notice or environmental protection notice (s.53).

Strict penalties apply for offences under the EP Act.

Reporting of incidents

The Licence Holder has a duty to report to DWER all discharges of waste that have caused or are likely to cause Pollution, Material Environmental Harm or Serious Environmental Harm, in accordance with s.72 of the EP Act.

Offences and defences

The EP Act and its regulations set out a number of offences, including:

- Offence of emitting an Unreasonable Emission from any Premises under s.49.
- Offence of causing Pollution under s.49.
- Offence of dumping Waste under s.49A.
- Offence of discharging Waste in circumstances likely to cause Pollution under s.50.
- Offence of causing Serious Environmental Harm (s.50A) or Material Environmental Harm (s.50B).
- Offence of causing Emissions which do not comply with prescribed standards (s.51).
- Offences relating to Emissions or Discharges under regulations prescribed under the EP Act, including materials discharged under the *Environmental Protection* (Unauthorised Discharges) Regulations 2004 (WA).
- Offences relating to noise under the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations* 1997 (WA).

Section 53 of the EP Act provides that a Licence Holder commits an offence if Emissions are caused, or altered from a Prescribed Premises unless done in accordance with a Works Approval, Licence or the requirements of a Closure Notice or an Environmental Protection Notice.

Defences to certain offences may be available to a Licence Holder and these are set out in the EP Act. Section 74A(b)(iv) provides that it is a defence to an offence for causing Pollution, in respect of an Emission, or for causing Serious Environmental Harm or Material Environmental Harm, or for discharging or abandoning Waste in water to which the public has access, if the Licence Holder can prove that an Emission or Discharge occurred in accordance with a Licence.

This Licence specifies the Emissions and Discharges, and the limits and Conditions which must be satisfied in respect of Specified Emissions and Discharges, in order for the defence to offence provision to be available.

Authorised Emissions and Discharges

The Specified and General Emissions and Discharges from Primary Activities conducted on the Prescribed Premises are authorised to be conducted in accordance with the Conditions of this Licence.

Emissions and Discharges caused from other activities not related to the Primary Activities at the Premises have not been Conditioned in this Licence. Emissions and Discharges from other activities at the Premises are subject to the general provisions of the EP Act.

Amendment of licence

The Licence Holder can apply to amend the Conditions of this Licence under s.59 of the EP Act. An application form for this purpose is available from DWER.

The CEO may also amend the Conditions of this Licence at any time on the initiative of the CEO without an application being made.

Amendment Notices constitute written notice of the amendment in accordance with s.59B(9) of the EP Act.

Duration of Licence

The Licence will remain in force for the duration set out on the first page of this Licence or until it is surrendered, suspended or revoked in accordance with s.59A of the EP Act.

Suspension or revocation

The CEO may suspend or revoke this Licence in accordance with s.59A of the EP Act.

Fees

The Licence Holder must pay an annual licence fee. Late payment of annual licence fees may result in the licence ceasing to have effect.

Definitions and interpretation

Definitions

In this Licence, the terms in Table 1 have the meanings defined.

Table 1: Definitions

Term	Definition			
ACN	Australian Company Number			
Annual Period	means a 12 month period commencing from 1 July until 30 June in the following year.			
Condition	neans a condition to which this Licence is subject under s.62 of he EP Act.			
Books	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.			
CEO	means Chief Executive Officer.			
	CEO for the purposes of notification means:			
	Director General Department Administering the <i>Environmental Protection Act</i> <i>1986</i> Locked Bag 33 Cloisters Square PERTH WA 6850 <u>info@dwer.wa.gov.au</u>			
Clinical and related waste management policy	means the document titled "Clinical and Related Waste Management Policy" published by the Department of Health as amended from time to time.			
Clinical waste	has the definition in the Clinical and related waste management policy.			
Compliance Report	means a report in a format approved by the CEO as presented by the Licence Holder or as specified by the CEO (guidelines and templates may be available on the Department's website).			
Condition	means a condition to which this Licence is subject under s.62 of the EP Act.			
Consolidation	means removing waste from two or more containers and placing them together into a larger container, or storing numerous containers on pallets for economical transport, and does not involve the mixing of incompatible waste types.			
Cytotoxic waste	has the same definition as defined in the Clinical and related waste management policy.			

Term	Definition
Department	means the department established under section 35 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> and designated as responsible for the administration of Part V, Division 3 of the EP Act.
Department Request	means a request for Books or other sources of information to be produced, made by an Inspector or the CEO to the Licence Holder in writing and sent to the Licence Holder's address for notifications, as described at the front of this Licence, in relation to:
	(a) compliance with the EP Act or this Licence;
	(b) the Books or other sources of information maintained in accordance with this Licence; or
	(c) the Books or other sources of information relating to Emissions from the Premises.
Discharge	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
DWER	Department of Water and Environmental Regulation.
Emission	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Environmental Harm	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
EP Act	means the Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA).
EP Regulations	means the Environmental Protection Regulations 1987 (WA).
Hazardous wastes	Has the same meaning given to that term in the Landfill Definitions.
Implementation Agreement or Decision	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Inspector	means an inspector appointed by the CEO in accordance with s.88 of the EP Act.
Landfill Definitions	means the document titled "Landfill Waste Classification and Waste Definitions 1996" published by the Chief Executive Officer of the Department of Environment as amended from time to time.
Licence	refers to this document, which evidences the grant of a Licence by the CEO under s.57 of the EP Act, subject to the Conditions.
Licence Holder	refers to the occupier of the premises being the person to whom this Licence has been granted, as specified at the front of this Licence.

Term	Definition
Material Environmental Harm	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Pharmaceutical waste	has the same definition as defined in the Clinical and related waste management policy.
Pollution	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Premises	refers to the premises to which this Licence applies, as specified at the front of this Licence and as shown on the map in Schedule 1 to this Licence.
Prescribed Premises	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Primary Activities	refers to the Prescribed Premises activities listed on the front of this Licence as described in Schedule 2, at the locations shown in Schedule 1.
Serious Environmental Harm	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Unreasonable Emission	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Waste	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Waste Code	means the Waste Code assigned to a type of controlled waste for purposes of waste tracking and reporting as specified in the Department of Environment Regulation "Controlled Waste Category List" (July 2014), as amended from time to time.

Interpretation

In this Licence:

- (a) the words 'including', 'includes' and 'include' will be read as if followed by the words 'without limitation';
- (b) where any word or phrase is given a defined meaning, any other part of speech or other grammatical form of that word or phrase has a corresponding meaning;
- (c) where tables are used in a Condition, each row in a table constitutes a separate Condition;
- (d) any reference to an Australian or other standard, guideline or code of practice in this Licence means the version of the standard, guideline or code of practice in force at the time of granting of this Licence and includes any amendments to the standard, guideline or code of practice which may occur from time to time during the course of the Licence; and

Licence: L8129/2006/2

(e) unless specified otherwise, any reference to a section of an Act refers to that section of the EP Act.

Conditions

Waste Acceptance, processing and storage

- **1.** The Licence Holder shall only allow waste to be accepted on to the Premises if:
 - (a) it is of a type listed in Table 2 in Appendix A; and
 - (b) the quantity accepted is below any limit listed in Table 2 in Appendix A; and
 - (c) it meets any specification listed in Table 2 in Appendix A.
- 2. The Licence Holder shall ensure that where waste does not meet the waste acceptance criteria set out in Table 2 of Appendix A it is removed from the Premises by the delivery vehicle or, where that is not possible, stored in a quarantined storage area or container and removed to an appropriately authorised facility as soon as practicable.
- **3.** The Licence Holder shall ensure that the wastes accepted onto the Premises are only subjected to the process(es) set out in Table 2 in Appendix A and in accordance with any process requirements described in that table.
- **4.** The Licence Holder shall ensure that waste material is only stored and/or consolidated within vessels or compounds provided with the infrastructure detailed in Table 2 in Appendix A.
- 5. Where different waste types are received onsite for consolidation, the Licence Holder must ensure that onsite personnel, trained in the identification and storage of hazardous wastes and dangerous goods, undertake an inspection of the waste receival records provided with the waste, and where possible, undertake a visual inspection of the waste to ensure compatibility prior to consolidation.

Operational controls

- **6.** The Licence Holder shall ensure that any spills, wastewater or contaminated stormwater is retained within the Premises boundary until such a time that it is:
 - (a) Removed offsite by a licensed Controlled Waste carrier; or
 - (b) Treated through the onsite Allflow vertical gravity separator prior to discharge via sewer.

Monitoring and recording

- 7. The Licence Holder must undertake the monitoring and recording:
 - (a) for inputs and outputs specified in column 1 of Table 3;
 - (b) for the parameters listed in column 2 of Table 3;
 - (c) in the units specified in column 3 of Table 3; and
 - (d) at the frequency specified in column 4 of Table 3.

Licence: L8129/2006/2

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
	Input/Output	Parameter	Units	Frequency	
1	Waste Inputs	Waste type as specified in Table 2 (Appendix A)	Tonnes	Each load arriving at the Premises	
2	Waste Outputs	Waste type specified in Table 2 (Appendix A) or any other waste types as defined in the Landfill Definitions	Tonnes	Each load leaving or rejected from the Premises	

Record-keeping

- **8.** The Licence Holder must maintain accurate and auditable Books including the following records, information, reports and data required by this Licence:
 - (a) the calculation of fees payable in respect of this Licence; and
 - (b) monitoring undertaken in accordance with Condition 7 of this Licence.

In addition, the Books must:

- (c) be legible;
- (d) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and subsequent amendments remain legible and are capable of retrieval;
- (e) be retained for at least 3 years from the date the Books were made; and
- (f) be available to be produced to an Inspector or the CEO.
- **9.** The Licence Holder must submit to the CEO, no later than 1 August in each year, a Compliance Report indicating the extent to which the Licence Holder has complied with the Conditions in this Licence for the preceding Annual Period.
- **10.** The Licence Holder must comply with a Department Request, within 14 days from the date of the Department Request or such other period as agreed to by the Inspector or the CEO.

Licence: L8129/2006/2

Schedule 1: Maps

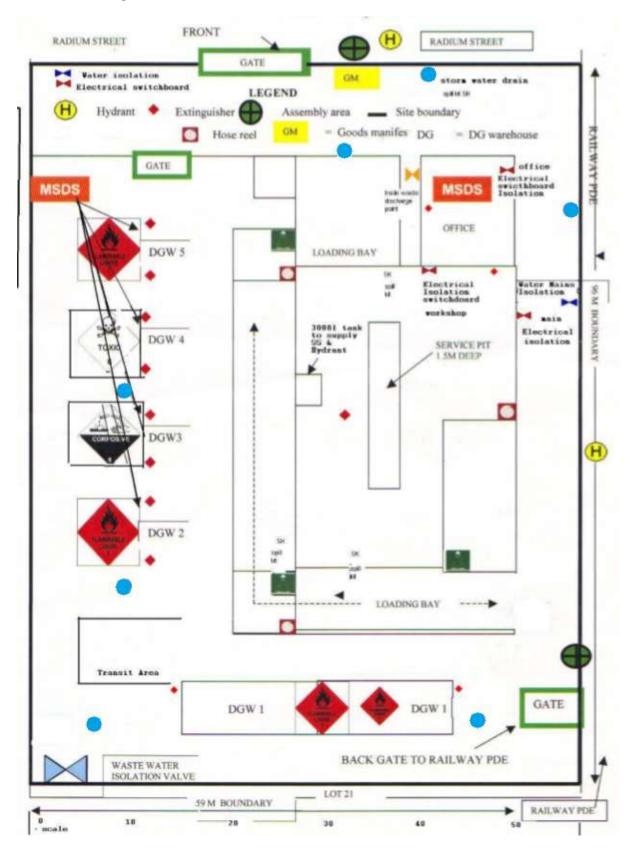
Premises map

The Premises boundary is shown as the pink line depicted in the map below.



Licence: L8129/2006/2

Premises layout



Schedule 2: Primary Activities

At the time of assessment, Emissions and Discharges from the following Primary Activities were considered in the determination of the risk and related Conditions for the Premises.

The Primary Activities are listed in Table 5:

Table 5: Primary Activities

Primary Activity	Premises production or design capacity
Category 61: liquid waste facility	7,000 tonnes per Annual Period
Category 62: solid waste depot	3,000 tonnes per Annual Period

Infrastructure and equipment

The Primary Activity infrastructure and equipment situated on the Premises is listed in Table 6.

Table 6: Infrastructure and equipment

Infrastructure and equipment	Plan reference
Asphalt hardstand	Whole of Premises
Waste Processing and Storage Shed	Premises Map
Designated storage tanks and bunkers	Within Waste Processing and Storage Shed.
Allflow Vertical Gravity Separator/Industrial Waste Discharge Point	Premises Layout
Sealed stormwater drains	Premises Layout

Site layout

The Primary Activity infrastructure and equipment is set out on the Premises in accordance with the site layout specified on the Premises Map and Premises Layout in Schedule 1.

Appendix 1

Table 2: Authorised waste acceptance

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Plating and Heat Treatment	1	1	I	1	1	1
Waste resulting from the surface treatment of metals and plastics	A100	Combined Premises	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, neutralisation and temporary storage prior to removal	Waste must be stored and	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Waste from heat treatment and tempering processes which use cyanide	A110	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annum of all liquid wastes accepted			processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	
Inorganic cyanide	A130					
Acids	·					
Acidic solutions or acids in solid form	B100	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annum of all liquid wastes accepted	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, neutralisation and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Alkalis		1	1			,

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Basic (alkaline) solution or bases (alkalis) in solid form	C100	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annum of all liquid wastes accepted	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, neutralisation and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Inorganic Chemicals						
Metal carbonyls	D100				Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand
Inorganic fluorine compounds (excluding calcium fluoride)	D110			Receipt, handling and temporary storage prior to removal.		
Mercury and mercury compounds	D120					
Arsenic and arsenic compounds	D130	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes	Packaged and s bulk wastes			
Chromium compounds	D140	per annum of all liquid wastes		Receipt, handling, neutralisation and temporary storage prior to removal.		
Tannery waste containing chromium	D141	accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes				
Cadmium and cadmium compounds	D150	per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.			incompatible wastes mixing.	area.
Used nickel cadmium batteries	D151			Receipt, handling and		
Beryllium and beryllium compounds	D160			temporary storage prior to removal.		
Antimony and antimony compounds	D170					
Thallium and thallium compounds	D180					

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Copper compounds	D190					
Cobalt compounds	D200					
Nickel compounds	D210					
Used nickel metal hydride batteries	D211					
Lead and lead compounds	D220			Receipt, handling and		Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a hardstand area.
Used lead acid batteries	D221			temporary storage prior to removal	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	
Zinc compounds	D230	Combined Premises				
Selenium and selenium compounds	D240	total of 7,000 tonnes	Packaged and bulk wastes			
Tellurium and tellurium compounds	D250	per annum of all liquid wastes				
Vanadium compounds	D270	accepted and				
Barium and barium compounds	D290	combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes				
Non-toxic salts	D300	total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.		Receipt, handling, chemical treatment prior to discharge via Water Corporation sewer or removal.		
Boron compounds	D310					
Inorganic sulfides	D330					
Perchlorates	D340			Receipt, handling and temporary storage prior to removal.		
Chlorates	D350					
Phosphorus compounds excluding mineral phosphates	D360					

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements		
Reactive Chemicals	Reactive Chemicals							
Waste containing peroxides excluding hydrogen peroxide	E100	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes			Waste must be	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.		
Waste of an explosive nature not subject to other legislation	E120	per annum of all liquid wastes accepted and	Packaged and	Receipt, handling and temporary storage prior	stored and processed in a manner that			
Highly reactive chemicals not otherwise specified	E130	combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.	s bulk wastes	to removal.	prevents incompatible wastes mixing.			
Paints, Resins, Inks and Organic S	ludge							
Aqueous-based wastes from the production, formulation and use of inks, dyes, pigments, paints, lacquers and varnish	F100	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annum of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, chemical treatment and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.		
Aqueous-based wastes from the production, formulation and use of resins, latex, plasticisers, glues and adhesives	F110							
Solvent based-wastes from the production, formulation and use of inks, dyes, pigments, paints, lacquers and varnish	F120							
Solvent based wastes from the production, formulation and use of resins, latex, plasticisers, glues and adhesives	F130							

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Organic Solvents	1					
Ethers & highly flammable hydrocarbons	G100			Receipt, handling, chemical treatment and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Non-halogenated organic solvents	G110	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annum of all				
Dry-cleaning wastes containing perchloroethylene	G130	liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises	Packaged and			
Halogenated organic Solvents not otherwise specified	G150	total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes	bulk wastes			
Waste from production, use and formulation of organic solvents not otherwise specified	G160	accepted.				
Pesticides	1	1		I	1	
Waste from the production, formulation or use of biocides and phytopharmaceuticals	H100	Combined Premises		Receipt, handling, chemical treatment and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Organic phosphorous Compounds	H110	total of 7,000 tonnes per annum of all liquid wastes	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, decanting and temporary storage prior to removal.		
Organochlorine pesticides	H130	accepted.				
Waste wood preserving Chemicals	H170					

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Oils				1	1	
Waste mineral oils unfit for their intended purpose	J100					
Waste oil and water mixtures or emulsions, and hydrocarbon and water mixtures or emulsions	J120	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes		Receipt, handling, physical or chemical treatment, and temporary storage prior to	Waste must be stored and	Stored in impervious
Oil interceptor wastes	J130	accepted and combined Premises	Packaged and bulk wastes	discharge via sewer or offsite disposal (wastewater for discharge via sewer with waste oils and solids for offsite disposal).	processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Waste tarry residues arising from refining, distillation or pyrolytic treatment	J160	total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.				
Used oil filters	J170					
Oil sludge	J180					
Putrescible and Organic Wastes						1
Animal effluent and Residues	K100	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, aggregated and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.

Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, decanting, physical or biological treatment, aggregated and temporary storage prior discharge via sewer or offsite removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a
accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period			, manner that	containers or
per annual period				
		Receipt, handling, aggregated, chemical treatment and temporary storage prior to removal offsite.	incompatible wastes mixing.	bunded hardstand area.
accepted.				
· · ·				
)				
				-
			Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, physical or chemical treatment, and temporary storage prior discharge via sewer.		
)	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Waste substances and articles containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	M100					
Waste substances and articles containing polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), polychlorinated napthalenes (PCN), and/or polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)	M105		Packaged wastes only	Receipt handling		
Non-halogenated organic chemicals	M130	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, consolidation, chemical treatment and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Phenols, phenol compounds including halogenated phenols	M150		Packaged wastes only			
Organohalogen compounds not elsewhere listed	M160	all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises				
Polychlorinated dibenzofuran (any congener)	M170	total of 3,000 tonnes				
Polychlorinated dibenzo p-dioxin (any congener)	M180	per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.				
Cyanides (organic)/nitriles	M210		Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, neutralisation, treatment and temporary storage prior to removal.		
Isocyanate compounds	M220	_	Packaged	Receipt, handling,		
Triethylamine catalysts	M230		wastes only	consolidation, physical treatment, chemical		
Surfactants and detergents	M250		Packaged and bulk wastes	treatment and temporary storage prior to removal.		

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Highly odourous organic chemicals including mercaptans and acrylates	M260	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes				
Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) contaminated materials, including waste PFAS containing products and contaminated containers	M270	per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.	Packaged wastes only	Receipt, handling, consolidation, physical treatment, chemical treatment and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Soils and Sludge						
Containers or drums contaminated with residues of a controlled waste	N100	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, consolidation (as required) and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Soils contaminated with a controlled waste	N120					
Fire debris or fire wash waters	N140	total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of				
Fly ash, excluding fly ash generated from Australian coal fired power stations	N150	all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises				
Encapsulated, chemically fixed, solidified or polymerised controlled wastes	N160	total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes				
Filter cake containing a controlled waste	N190	accepted.				
Industrial waste treatment plant residues	N205					

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Asbestos	N220	Combined Premises				
Ceramic-based fibres with physio- chemical characteristic similar to those of asbestos	N230	total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.	Packaged wastes	Receipt, handling, and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Clinical and Pharmaceutical						
Clinical and related wastes	R100	Combined Premises	Packaged wastes	Receipt, handling, consolidation (as required) and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	Stored in impervious containers or tanks within a bunded hardstand area.
Waste pharmaceuticals, drugs and medicines	R120	total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of				
Cytotoxic substances	R130	all liquid wastes accepted and				
Waste from the production and preparation of pharmaceutical products	R140	combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.				
Miscellaneous						
Waste chemical substances arising from research and development or teaching activities	T100	Combined Premises total of 7,000 tonnes per annual period of	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling, treatment (as required) and temporary storage prior to removal.	Waste must be stored and processed in a	Stored in impervious containers or
Waste from production or formulation of photographic chemicals or processing materials	T120	all liquid wastes accepted and combined Premises total of 3,000 tonnes			manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.	tanks within a bunded hardstand area.

Waste type	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification ¹	Process	Process requirements	Infrastructure requirements
Used tyres	T140	per annual period for all solid wastes accepted.	Packaged and bulk wastes	Receipt, handling and temporary storage prior to removal.	No more than 99 used tyres to be stored on site at any one time.	Stored within a hardstand area.

Note 1: Additional requirements for the acceptance of controlled waste are set out in the Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004.

Licence: L8129/2006/2