Government of Western Australia
Department of Water and Environmental Regulation

Licence

Licence number	L9094/2017/1
Licence holder	Water Corporation
Registered business address	629 Newcastle Street LEEDERVILLE WA 6007
DWER file number	DER2017/001655-1
Duration	22/09/2017 to 21/09/2037
Date of issue	22/09/2017
Date of amendment	2 April 2025
Premises details	Broome North Water Resource Recovery Facility Lot 1502 Crab Creek Road ROEBUCK WA 6725 Legal description - Lot 1502 on Plan 75036

Prescribed premises category description (Schedule 1, ***Environmental Protection Regulations 1987***)	**Assessed production / design capacity**
Category 54: Sewage facility premises – (a) on which sewage is treated (excluding septic tanks); or (b) from which treated sewage is discharged onto land or into waters.	4,770 m^3 per day
Category 61: Liquid waste facility: premises on which liquid waste produced on other premises (other than sewerage waste) is stored, reprocessed, treated or irrigated.	2,400 tonnes per annual period

This licence is granted to the licence holder, subject to the attached conditions, on 2 April 2025, by:

Abbie Crawford

Digitally signed by Abbie Crawford
Date: 2025.04.02 16:02:40 +08'00'

Abbie Crawford

Manager, Waste Industries

an officer delegated under section 20 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (WA)

Instrument history

Date	Reference number	Summary of changes
18/06/2009	W4531/2009/1	Works approval issued for Stage 1 (total design capacity of 3.5 ML/day of wastewater)
19/8/2010	W4531/2009/1	Amended works approval issued to allow the use of “ELCOSEAL” geosynthetic clay liner to line the secondary and tertiary ponds
4/7/2011	L8556/2011/1	Licence issued for storage and processing of wastewater to commence.
3/7/2017	L8556/2011/1	Licence ceased to have effect due to non-payment of fees within required time frame.
22/9/2017	L9094/2017/1	New Licence issued.
23/4/2021	W6451/2020/1	Works approval for Stage 2 upgrades (total design capacity of 7.0ML/day) including reconfiguration of ponds, installation of new inlet screens, construction of a sludge dewatering system, construction of a new pivot irrigation system (Pivot 3) and changes to the associated wastewater conveyance infrastructure.
22/12/2021	L9094/2017/1	Amendment to pond freeboard conditions and removal of groundwater monitoring for the Broome Sandstone aquifer.
14/3/2023	W6743/2022/1	Works approval for lined 80 ML treated wastewater storage dam spillway and interconnecting pipework to existing storage dam 1.
02/04/2025	L9094/2017/1	Licence amendment to incorporate operation of Stage 2 infrastructure (W6451/2020/1 & W6743/2022/1)

Interpretation

In this licence:

(a) the words ‘including’, ‘includes’ and ‘include’ in conditions mean “including but not limited to”, and similar, as appropriate;

(b) where any word or phrase is given a defined meaning, any other part of speech or other grammatical form of that word or phrase has a corresponding meaning;

(c) where tables are used in a condition, each row in a table constitutes a separate condition;

(d) any reference to an Australian or other standard, guideline, or code of practice in this licence:

  i. if dated, refers to that particular version; and

  ii. if not dated, refers to the latest version and therefore may be subject to change over time;

(e) unless specified otherwise, any reference to a section of an Act refers to that section of the EP Act; and

(f) unless specified otherwise, all definitions are in accordance with the EP Act.

NOTE: This licence requires specific conditions to be met but does not provide any implied authorisation for other emissions, discharges, or activities not specified in this licence.

Licence conditions

The licence holder must ensure that the following conditions are complied with:

Premises operation

1. The licence holder must only allow waste to be accepted on to the premises if:

(a) it is of a type listed in Table 1;

(b) the quantity accepted is below any limit listed in Table 1; and

(c) it meets any specification listed in Table 1.

Table 1: Waste acceptance

Waste	Waste Code	Quantity Limit	Specification
Sewage	K130	4,770 m^3 per day	Accepted through sewer inflow(s) and tankered waste only
Septage	K210	2,400 tonnes per annual period	Septage Receival Pit.

2. The licence holder must ensure that the wastes accepted onto the premises are only subjected to the process(es) set out in Table 2 and in accordance with any process limits described in that table.

Table 2: Waste processing

Waste type	Process	Process requirements
Sewage	Biological, physical and chemical treatment	(a) Treatment of sewage waste must not exceed the treatment capacity of 4,770 m^3 per day.
Septage	Biological, physical and chemical treatment	(b) Treatment of tankered septage waste must not exceed the treatment capacity of 2,400 tonnes per annual period.
Sewage sludge	Storage	(c) In accordance with the document titled 'Western Australian guidelines for biosolids management' (Department of Environment and Conservation 2012) as amended from time to time.
Treated wastewater	Disposal to Pivot Irrigation Area	(a) Disposal to irrigation area with fast growing, harvestable fodder crop cover; (b) Ensure there is no ponding or pooling of irrigated water in the irrigation area; and (c) No run-off of treated effluent outside the irrigation area is to occur.

3. The licence holder must ensure that waste material is only stored and/or treated within vessels or compounds provided with the infrastructure detailed in Table 3.

Table 3: Containment infrastructure

Vessel or compound	Material	Requirements
Inlet screens and bins	Grit and Screenings	(a) Stored in a sealed bin which is surrounded by a bunded hardstand area; (b) Bunding and hardstand must be maintained to be free from leaks and defects to prevent surface run-off; and (c) Leaks, spills and runoff from grit and screenings removal and storage must be returned to the start of the treatment process at Pond 1 or Pond 2.
Tanker receivable bay	Septage and sewage waste	(a) Must be a bunded, hardstand area capable of preventing surface run-off of leachate, sewage and septage and which returns septage and sewage leachate to the start of the treatment process.
Pond 1	Wastewater	In accordance with Condition 4
Pond 2	Wastewater	
Storage Dam 1	Treated wastewater	In accordance with Condition 4
Storage Dam 2	Treated wastewater	
Sludge Drying Beds	Sewage sludge	(b) Must comprise of two bunded, concrete areas; (c) The integrity of the containment infrastructure must be maintained as constructed, free from any defects, cracks and leaks; (d) Must be maintained with a sand filter that prevents surface run-off of leachate and sludge; (e) Removed sludge must be contained within the Sludge Drying Beds; and (f) Sludge leachate must be returned to the start of the treatment process at Pond 1 or Pond 2.
Treated Wastewater Disinfection Tanks	Treated wastewater	(g) Must comprise of 6 x 60 kL wastewater holding tanks; and (a) Must be fitted with an overflow pipeline which returns overflow to the treatment plant at Pond 1 or Pond 2.
Pivot Irrigation Area - Pivots 1, 2 & 3	Treated & disinfected wastewater	In accordance with Condition 6

4. The licence holder must manage all wastewater treatment ponds such that:

(a) overtopping of the ponds does not occur;

(b) a top of embankment freeboard equal to, or greater than, 500 mm is maintained for Pond 1 and Pond 2;

(c) a spillway freeboard equal to, or greater than 470 mm is maintained for Storage Dam 1 and Storage Dam 2;

(d) the integrity of the containment infrastructure is maintained as constructed, free from any defects, cracks and leaks;

(e) trapped overflows are maintained on the outlet of ponds to prevent carry-over of surface floating matter; and

(f) vegetation and floating debris (emergent or otherwise) is prevented from encroaching onto pond surfaces or inner pond embankments.

5. The licence holder must:

(a) implement security measures at the site to prevent as far as is practical unauthorised access to the site;

(b) undertake regular inspections of all security measures and repair damage as soon as practicable; and

(c) ensure the entrance gates are closed and locked when the site is closed or unmanned.

6. The licence holder must manage the irrigation of treated wastewater such that:

(b) bunding/cut-off drains are maintained around the Pivot Irrigation Area(s) such that run-off is recirculated back into the wastewater treatment system;

(c) no irrigation generated run-off, spray drift or discharge occurs beyond the boundary of the defined irrigation area(s);

(d) prior to seeding, treated wastewater must only be discharged to the Pivot Irrigation Area(s) to provide soil moistening in preparation for seeding, for no longer than 14 consecutive days;

(e) treated wastewater must be evenly distributed over the irrigation area(s) to prevent ponding or pooling;

(f) no soil erosion occurs;

(g) irrigation does not occur immediately prior to, during and immediately after a rainfall event or on land that is waterlogged; and

(h) vegetation cover is maintained over the irrigation area(s).

7. The licence holder must ensure stormwater runoff resulting from site drainage is prevented from entering the wastewater treatment ponds or causing erosion of the outer pond embankments.

8. The licence holder must dispose of grit, screenings, sludge and biosolids to a suitably licensed premises.

Emissions and discharges

9. The licence holder must ensure that the emissions specified in Table 4, are discharged only from the corresponding discharge point and only at the corresponding discharge point location.

Table 4: Authorised discharge points

Emission	Discharge point	Discharge point location
Treated wastewater	Pivot 1, Pivot 2 and Pivot 3	As depicted in Schedule 1 Figure 1

10. The licence holder must ensure that emissions from the discharge point listed in Table 5 for the corresponding parameter do not exceed the corresponding limit when monitored in accordance with condition 16.

Table 5: Emission and discharge limits

Discharge point	Parameter	Limit
S3 (S3002406) as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2	Total Nitrogen	500 kg/ha/year
	Total Phosphorus	224 kg/ha/year

Monitoring

11. The licence holder must ensure that:

(a) all water samples are collected and preserved in accordance with AS/NZS 5667.1;

(b) all wastewater sampling is conducted in accordance with AS/NZS 5667.10;

(c) all groundwater sampling is conducted in accordance with AS/NZS 5667.11;

(d) all microbiological samples are collected and preserved in accordance with AS/NZS 2031;

(e) all soil samples are collected and preserved in accordance with AS/NZS 4482.1; and

(f) all samples are submitted to and tested by a laboratory with current NATA accreditation for the parameters being measured, unless indicated otherwise in the relevant table.

12. The licence holder must ensure that:

(a) monthly monitoring is undertaken at least 15 days apart; and

(b) quarterly monitoring is undertaken at least 45 days apart.

13. The licence holder must ensure that all monitoring equipment used to comply with the conditions of this licence are maintained and calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

14. The licence holder must maintain the monitoring locations referred to in Table 8 and Table 9 of this licence to allow representative samples to be collected.

15. Where the requirements for sampling, calibration or maintenance cannot be practicably met, or a discrepancy exists in the interpretation of the requirements, the licence holder must bring these issues to the attention of the CEO accompanied with a report comprising details of any modifications to the methods.

16. The licence holder must undertake the monitoring in Table 6 according to the specifications in that table.

Table 6: Monitoring of emissions to land

Monitoring point	Parameter	Units	Frequency	Averaging period	Method
S3 - S3002406	pH[1]	pH units	Monthly	Spot sample	AS/NZS 5667.10
	Oil and Grease	mg/L			
	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L			
	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L			
	Total Nitrogen as N	mg/L			
	Total Phosphorus	mg/L			
	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L			
	Nitrate + Nitrite as N	mg/L			
	Ammonium as N	mg/L			
	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L			
	Filterable Reactive Phosphorous	mg/L			
	Arsenic (total)	mg/L			
	Cadmium (total)	mg/L			
	Chloride (total)	mg/L			
	Chromium (total)	mg/L			
	Copper (total)	mg/L			
	Lead (total)	mg/L			
	Mercury (total)	mg/L			

Monitoring point	Parameter	Units	Frequency	Averaging period	Method
	Nickel (total)	mg/L			
	Zinc (total)	mg/L			
	E. coli	CFU/100mL			
	Total Residual Chlorine[1]	mg/L			

Note 1: In field non-NATA accredited analysis permitted

17. The licence holder must undertake the monitoring in Table 7 according to the specifications in that table.

Table 7: Monitoring of inputs and outputs

Input/Output	Monitoring point reference	Parameter	Units	Averaging period	Frequency
Sewage - Inlet Flow	Inlet Flow Meters	Volumetric flow rate (cumulative)	m^3 per day	Monthly	Continuous
Treated wastewater discharged to the Pivot Irrigation Area	Effluent Flow Meter S3002136	Volumetric flow rate (cumulative)	m^3 per day	Monthly	Continuous

18. The licence holder must undertake the monitoring in Table 8 and Table 9 according to the specifications in those tables.

Table 8: Monitoring of ambient soil quality

Monitoring location	Parameter	Units	Averaging period	Frequency
Soil monitoring locations as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 3: S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S8, S9	pH[1]	pH units	Spot sample	Annual
	Electrical conductivity	µS/cm		
	Total Nitrogen as N	mg/kg		
	Total Phosphorus	mg/kg		
	Copper	mg/kg		
	Sodium	mg/kg		
	Calcium	mg/kg		

Monitoring location	Parameter	Units	Averaging period	Frequency
	Potassium	mg/kg		
	Magnesium	mg/kg		
	Phosphorus Retention Index	mg/kg		
	Colwell-P	mg/kg		

Note 1: In field non-NATA accredited analysis permitted

Table 9: Monitoring of ambient groundwater quality

Monitoring location	Parameter	Units	Averaging period	Frequency
Monitoring bores as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 4: 1/23, 2/23, 3/23, 1/10, 3/10, 5/10, 7/10, 15/10, 17/10, 19/10, 10/12, 1/20, 2/20, 4/20, 5/20	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	Spot sample	Quarterly
	Electrical Conductivity	µS/cm		
	Total Nitrogen as N	mg/L		
	Ammonium as N	mg/L		
	Nitrate + Nitrite as N	mg/L		
	Total Phosphorus	mg/L		
	Standing Water Levels[1]	AHD		
	pH[1]	pH		
	Arsenic (dissolved)	mg/L		
	Cadmium (dissolved)	mg/L		
	Copper (dissolved)	mg/L		
	Chromium (dissolved)	mg/L		
	Lead (dissolved)	mg/L		
	Mercury (dissolved)	mg/L		
	Nickel (dissolved)	mg/L		
	Zinc (dissolved)	mg/L		
	Sodium	mg/L		
	Potassium	mg/L		
	Calcium	mg/L		

Monitoring location	Parameter	Units	Averaging period	Frequency
	Magnesium	mg/L		
	Bicarbonate	mg/L		
	Sulfate	mg/L		
	Chloride	mg/L		
	E. Coli	CFU/100mL		

Note 1: In field non-NATA accredited analysis permitted

Records and reporting

Records

19. The licence holder must maintain accurate and auditable books including the following records, information, reports, and data required by this licence:

(a) the calculation of fees payable in respect of this licence;

(b) any maintenance of infrastructure that is performed in the course of complying with the conditions of this licence;

(c) monitoring programmes undertaken in accordance with conditions 11-18 of this licence; and

(d) complaints received under condition 21 of this licence.

20. The books specified under condition 19 must:

(a) be legible;

(b) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original version(s) and any subsequent amendments remain legible and are capable of retrieval;

(c) be retained by the licence holder for the duration of the licence; and

(d) be available to be produced to an inspector or the CEO as required.

21. The licence holder must record the following information in relation to complaints received by the licence holder (whether received directly from a complainant or forwarded to them by the Department or another party) about any alleged emissions from the premises:

(a) the name and contact details of the complainant, (if provided);

(b) the time and date of the complaint;

(c) the complete details of the complaint and any other concerns or other issues raised; and

(d) the complete details and dates of any action taken by the licence holder to investigate or respond to any complaint.

Reporting

22. The licence holder must:

(a) undertake an audit of their compliance with the conditions of this licence during the preceding annual period, and

(b) prepare and submit to the CEO an Annual Audit Compliance Report in the approved form by 1 October each year.

23. The licence holder must:

(a) prepare an Environmental Report that provides information in accordance with Table 10 for the preceding annual period, and

(b) submit that Environmental Report to the CEO by 1 October each year.

Table 10: Environmental reporting requirements

Condition or table (if relevant)	Parameter	Format or form
-	Summary of any failure or malfunction of any pollution control equipment and any environmental incidents that have occurred during the annual period and any action taken	None specified
Table 1	Waste acceptance	None specified
Table 2	Waste processing	None specified
Table 6	Monitoring of emissions to land	None specified
	Contaminant loading to land of parameters specified in Condition 16 .	
Table 7	Monitoring of inputs and outputs	None specified
Table 8	Monitoring of ambient soil quality	None specified
Table 9	Monitoring of ambient groundwater quality as specified in condition 24	None specified
Condition 21	Complaints analysis and review	None specified

24. The licence holder must ensure that the Environmental Report specified in Condition 23 also contains:

(a) an assessment of the information contained within the report, against monitoring results and licence limits that were collected over the previous three annual periods;

(b) cumulative monthly volumes (in cubic metres) of treated effluent discharged to the Pivot Irrigation Area during the annual period, in tabular and graphical format;

(c) calculation of the annual nutrient loading rates applied to the Pivot Irrigation Area during the annual period, and discussion of those rates in relation to the estimated volume of nutrients exported (from harvested biomass) from the premises during the annual period;

(d) any changes to site boundaries, location of groundwater monitoring bores, surface drainage channels and on-site or off-site impacts or pollution that occurred during the annual period;

(e) quantities of sludge removed during each desludging event that occurred during the annual period;

(f) a summary of controlled waste dockets including the calculation of the cumulative monthly volume of controlled waste accepted into the premises during the annual period; and

(g) for the ambient groundwater monitoring required by condition 18:

(i) a clear statement of the scope of work carried out;

(ii) a description of the field methodologies employed;

(iii) a summary of the field and laboratory quality assurance / quality control (QA/QC) program;

(iv) copies of the field monitoring records and field QA/QC documentation;

(v) Copies of original monitoring reports submitted to the licence holder by third parties

(vi) an assessment of reliability of field procedures and laboratory results;

(vii) a tabulated summary of results, as well as all raw data provided in an accompanying Microsoft Excel spreadsheet digital document/file (or a compatible equivalent digital document/file), with all results being clearly referenced to laboratory certificates of analysis;

(viii) a diagram with aerial image overlay showing all monitoring locations and depicting groundwater level contours, flow direction and hydraulic gradient (relevant site features including discharge points and other potential sources of contamination must also be shown);

(ix) an interpretive summary and assessment of the results against relevant assessment levels for water, as published in the Guideline: Assessment and management of contaminated sites;

(x) an interpretive summary and assessment of results against previous monitoring results;

(xi) trend graphs to provide a graphical representation of historical results and to support the interpretive summary.

25. The licence holder must ensure that the parameters listed in Table 11 are notified to the CEO in accordance with the notification requirements of the table.

Table 11: Notification requirements

Condition or table (if relevant)	Parameter	Reporting period	Reporting date (after end of the reporting period)
Condition 15	Calibration report	As soon as practicable.	None specified
-	Taking process equipment offline for maintenance works	No less than 72 hours in advance of works	None specified
-	Removal of sewage sludge from a treatment pond, wastewater treatment vessel, sewage sludge storage pond or Geobag.	No less than 14 days in advance of works	The following information must be included: a) when desludging is proposed to occur; b) the desludging method; c) action to mitigate potential odour impacts; and

Condition or table (if relevant)	Parameter	Reporting period	Reporting date (after end of the reporting period)
			d) the method by which the community will be advised of the desludging activities.
Conditions 1 and 10	Breach of any limit specified in the Licence	Part A: As soon as practicable but no later than 5pm of the next working day Part B: As soon as practicable	Schedule 2: Reporting & notification forms

Note 1: Notification requirements in the Licence must not negate the requirement to comply with s72 of the EP Act

Definitions

In this licence, the terms in Table 12: Definitions have the meanings defined.

Table 12: Definitions

Term	Definition
ACN	Australian Company Number
AHD	means the Australian height datum
Annual Audit Compliance Report (AACR)	means a report submitted in a format approved by the CEO (relevant guidelines and templates are available on the Department's website).
annual period	a 12 month period commencing from 1 July until 30 June of the immediately following year.
AS/NZS 2031	means the Australian Standard AS/NZS 2031 *Selection of containers and preservation of water samples for microbiological analysis*.
AS/NZS 4439.1	means the Australian Standard AS 4439.1 *Wastes, sediments and contaminated soils – Preparation of leachates – Preliminary assessment*.
AS/NZS 4482.1	means the Australian Standard AS 4482.*1 Guide to the investigation and sampling of sites with potentially contaminated soil Part 1: Non-volatile and semi-volatile compounds*.
AS/NZS 5667.1	means the Australian Standard AS/NZS 5667.1 *Water Quality – Sampling – Guidance of the Design of sampling programs, sampling techniques and the preservation and handling of samples*.
AS/NZS 5667.10	means the Australian Standard AS/NZS 5667.10 *Water Quality – Sampling – Guidance on sampling of waste waters.*
AS/NZS 5667.11	means the Australian Standard AS/NZS 5667.11 *Water Quality – Sampling – Guidance on sampling of groundwaters*.
averaging period	means the time over which a limit is measured or a monitoring result is obtained.
books	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
CEO	means Chief Executive Officer of the department. "submit to / notify the CEO" (or similar), means either: Director General Department administering the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* Locked Bag 10 Joondalup DC WA 6919 or: info@dwer.wa.gov.au

Term	Definition
controlled waste	has the definition in Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004
department; DWER	means the department established under section 35 of the *Public Sector Management Act 1994* (WA) and designated as responsible for the administration of the EP Act, which includes Part V Division 3.
discharge	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
emission	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
EP Act	*Environmental Protection Act 1986* (WA)
EP Regulations	*Environmental Protection Regulations 1987* (WA)
freeboard	means the distance between the maximum water surface elevations and the top of retaining embankments or spillways at their lowest point.
Guideline: Assessment and management of contaminated sites	means the document published by the Department titled *Guideline: Assessment and management of contaminated sites.*
hardstand	means a surface with a permeability of $1x10^{-9}$ metres/second or less
licence	refers to this document, which evidences the grant of a licence by the CEO under section 57 of the EP Act, subject to the specified conditions contained within.
licence holder	refers to the occupier of the premises, being the person specified on the front of the licence as the person to whom this licence has been granted.
monthly	means a one-month period commencing from day 1 of a month until the last day of that same month.
NATA	means the National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia.
NATA accredited	means in relation to the analysis of a sample that the laboratory is NATA accredited for the specified analysis at the time of the analysis.
Pivot Irrigation Area	means irrigation area comprising Pivot 1, Pivot 2 and Pivot 3 as depicted in Schedule 1: Maps.
premises	refers to the premises to which this licence applies, as specified at the front of this licence and as shown on the premises map Figure 1 in Schedule 1 to this licence.
prescribed premises	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.

Term	Definition
Seedling Irrigation Area	means irrigation area located between the southern boundary of the Premises and treatment ponds as depicted in Schedule 1
suitably licenced premises	means a premises that holds an active authorisation under Part V, Division 3 of the EP Act to accept that waste type.
spot sample	means a discrete sample representative at the time and place at which the sample is taken
waste	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.

END OF CONDITIONS

Schedule 1: Maps

Premises map

The boundary of the prescribed premises is shown in Figure 1 below.

Figure 1 - Premises Map

Map of emission monitoring points

The locations of the emission monitoring points defined in Table 6: Monitoring of emissions to land and Table 7 are shown below.

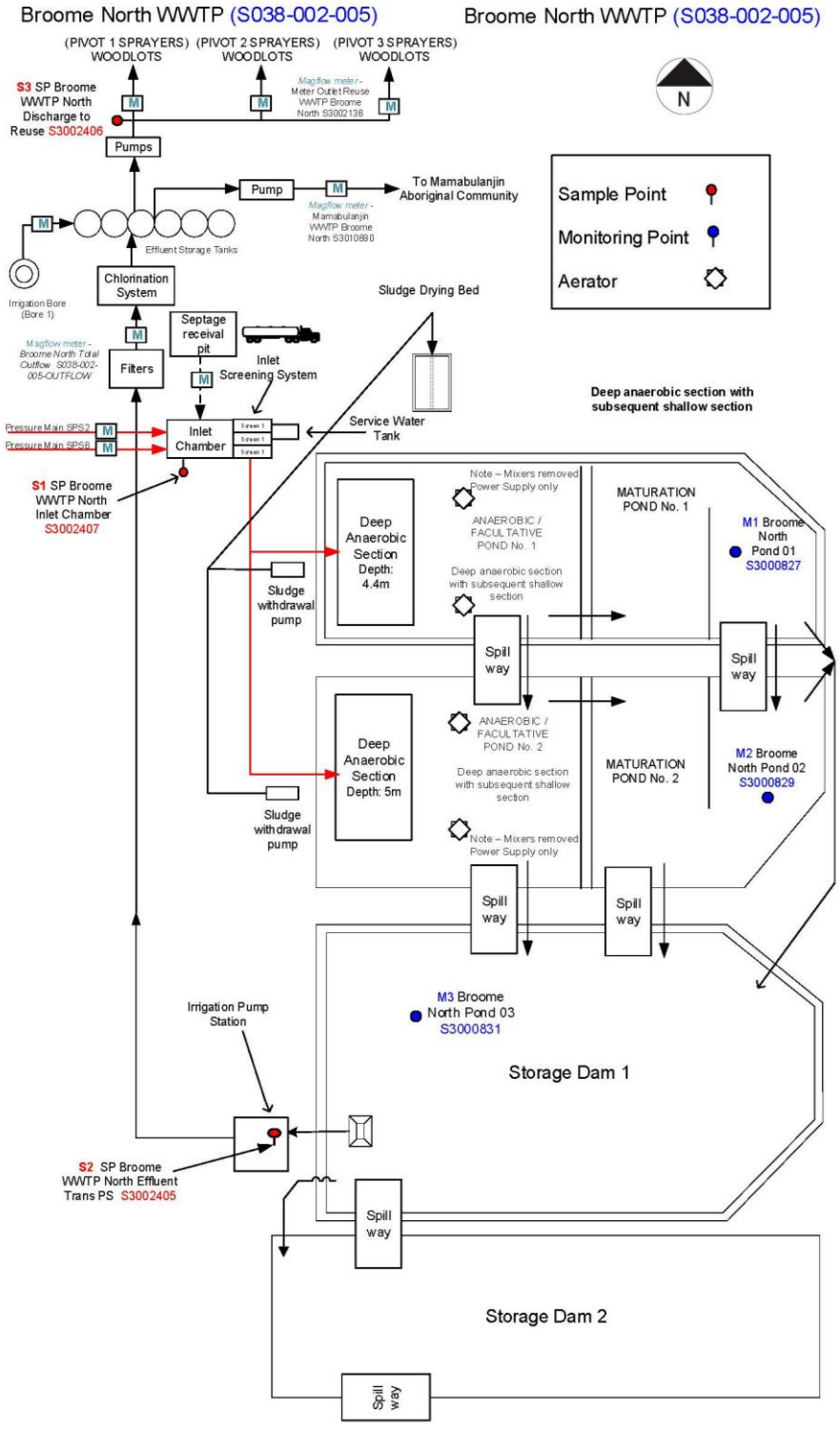

Figure 2 - Emission monitoring points

Map of soil monitoring locations

The locations of the ambient soil monitoring points defined in Table 8 are shown below.

Figure 3 - Soil monitoring locations

Map of groundwater monitoring locations

The locations of the ambient groundwater monitoring points defined in Table 9 are shown below.

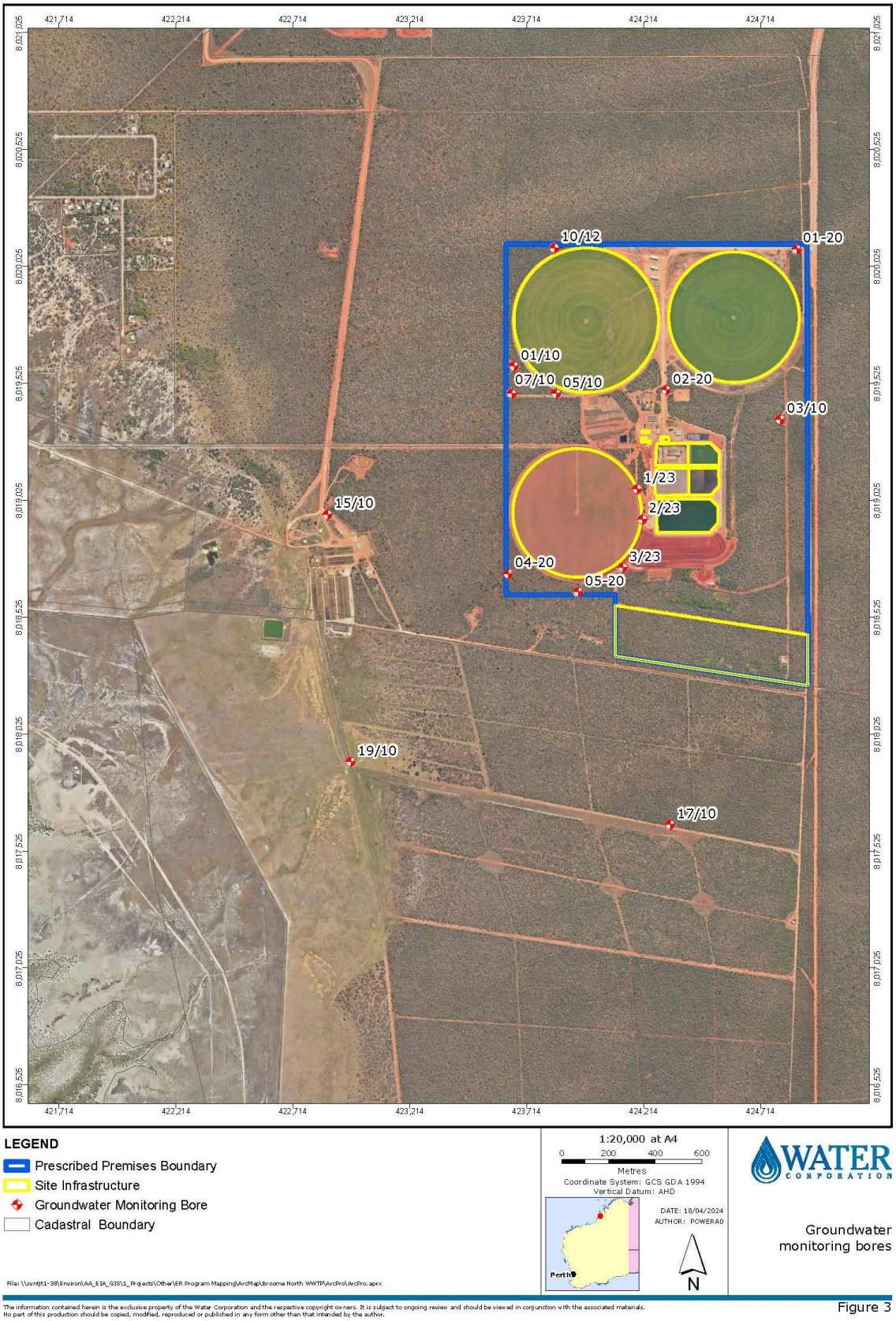

Figure 4 - Groundwater monitoring locations

Schedule 2: Reporting & notification forms

These forms are provided for the proponent to report monitoring and other data required by the Licence. They can be requested in an electronic format.

Licence:	L9094/2017/1	Licence Holder:	Water Corporation
Form:	N1	Date of breach:	

Notification of detection of the breach of a limit.

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.
Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

Part A

Licence Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Premises	
Time and date of the detection	

Notification requirements for the breach of a limit	
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value	
Date and time of monitoring	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	

Part B

Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident.	

Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission.	
The dates of any previous N1 notifications for the Premises in the preceding 24 months.	

Name	
Position	
Signature on behalf of Water Corporation	
Date	