Licence number L8755/2013/1

Licence holder Veolia Environmental Services (Australia) Pty Ltd

ACN (if applicable) 051 316 584

Registered business address Level 4, 65 Pirrama Road

PYRMONT NSW 2009

DWER file number 2013/000940-1~2

Duration 15/07/2013 to 14/07/2033

Date of issue 15/07/2013

Date of amendment 21/12/2023

Premises details Veolia Transfer Station Meru

Landfill Lane, Narngulu, WA, 6532

Legal description - Lot 132/133 on Diagram 91074

As defined by the coordinates in Schedule 2: Premises

boundary

	ibed premises category description lule 1, Environmental Protection Regulations 1987)	Assessed design capacity
Category 61: Liquid waste facility: premises on which liquid waste produced on other premises (other than sewerage waste) is stored, reprocessed, treated or irrigated.		1,400 tonnes per year
_	ry 62: Solid waste depot: premises on which waste is stored or pending final disposal or re-use, other than in the course of ng —	25,000 tonnes per year
 a) a refund point (as defined in the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2007 section 47C(1)) (a refund point); or 		
b)	a facility or other place (an aggregation point) for the aggregation of containers that have been returned to refund points until those containers are accepted for processing or disposal.	

This licence is granted to the licence holder, subject to the attached conditions, on 21 December 2023, by:

SENIOR INDUSTRY REGULATION OFFICER **REGULATORY SERVICES**

an officer delegated under section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)

Licence history

Date	Reference number	Summary of changes	
27/12/2000	L7473/2000/1	Licence granted.	
05/01/2002	L7473/2000/3	Licence Amendment.	
19/01/2004	L7473/2000/4	Licence Amendment.	
10/01/2008	L7473/2000/5	Licence Amendment.	
11/07/2013	L7473/2000/1	New licence granted.	
01/08/2013	L8755/2013/1	Licence Amendment to correct typographical error	
21/12/2023	L8755/2013/1	Licence Amendment to add Category 62: Solid waste depot with a design capacity of 25,000 tonnes per year. Specifically for acceptance and storage of clinical and pharmaceutical wastes.	
		Updated to the current licencing format.	

Interpretation

In this licence:

- (a) the words 'including', 'includes' and 'include' in conditions mean "including but not limited to", and similar, as appropriate;
- (b) where any word or phrase is given a defined meaning, any other part of speech or other grammatical form of that word or phrase has a corresponding meaning;
- (c) where tables are used in a condition, each row in a table constitutes a separate condition;
- (d) any reference to an Australian or other standard, guideline, or code of practice in this licence:
 - (i) if dated, refers to that particular version; and
 - (ii) if not dated, refers to the latest version and therefore may be subject to change over time;
- (e) unless specified otherwise, any reference to a section of an Act refers to that section of the EP Act; and
- (f) unless specified otherwise, all definitions are in accordance with the EP Act.

NOTE: This licence requires specific conditions to be met but does not provide any implied authorisation for other emissions, discharges, or activities not specified in this licence.

Licence conditions

The licence holder must ensure that the following conditions are complied with:

Infrastructure and equipment

1. The licence holder must ensure that the site infrastructure and equipment listed in Table 1 and located at the corresponding infrastructure location is maintained and operated in accordance with the corresponding operational requirement set out in Table 1.

Table 1: Infrastructure and equipment requirements

Site infrastructure and equipment	Operational requirement	Infrastructure location
Unloading/Loading bay	 Maintained as an impervious concrete floor sloped to an impervious concrete sump (blind) Maintained as a bunded area designed to retain 110% of the volume of the largest storage vessel, and at least 25% of the total volume of substances stored in the compound Be free of defects 	As shown in Figures 2 and 3 of Schedule 1: Maps
Storage shed/tank area	 Maintained as a bunded area designed to retain at least 110% of the largest ISO storage container within the bunded area One waste oil storage tank (57 kL) One waste oil/water storage tank (62 kL) 	As shown in Figures 1, 2 and 3 of Schedule 1: Maps
Special waste type 2 storage area	 Maintained as a compacted soil (red loam, clays) hardstand Contain four sealed and lockable sea containers for storage of conforming waste Contain one sealed and lockable sea container for storage of non-conforming waste; and Contain a bunded spill mat made from heavy duty PVC for loading/unloading 	As shown in Figure 2 of Schedule 1: Maps
Washbay area	 Maintained as an impervious concrete floor sloped to an impervious concrete sump (blind); and Be free of defects 	As shown in Figure 2 of Schedule 1: Maps

2. The licence holder must:

- (a) erect and maintain suitable fencing to prevent unauthorised access to the site;
- (b) ensure that any entrance gates to the premises are securely locked when the premises is unattended; and
- (c) undertake regular inspections of all security measures and repair damage as soon as practicable.

Waste Acceptance

- **3.** The licence holder must only accept onto the premises waste of a type that:
 - (a) does not exceed the rate at which that waste is received; and
 - (b) meets the relevant acceptance specification, as set out in Table 2.

Table 2: Types of waste authorised to be accepted onto the premises

Waste type	Waste Code	Rate at which waste is received	Acceptance specification ¹	
Oils				
Waste mineral oils unfit for their intended purpose	J100	Combined premises total of 1,400 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and	None specified	
Waste oil and water mixtures or emulsions, and hydrocarbon and water mixtures or emulsions	J120	combined premises total of 25,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted		
Used oil filters	J170			
Putrescible and Organic	Wastes			
Waste from grease traps	K110	Combined premises total of 1,400 tonnes per annual period of all liquid wastes accepted and combined premises total of 25,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted	None specified	
Industrial wash waters				
Car and truck wash waters	L100	Combined premises total of 1,400 tonnes per annual period	None specified	
Industrial wash waters contaminated with controlled waste	L150	of all liquid wastes accepted and combined premises total of 25,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted		
Clinical and pharmaceutical				
Clinical and related wastes	R100	Combined premises total of 1,400 tonnes per annual period	Material must be packaged as per the Code of	
Waste pharmaceuticals, drugs and medicines	R120	of all liquid wastes accepted and combined premises total of 25,000 tonnes per annual period for all solid wastes accepted	Practice for Clinical and Related Waste Management	
Cytotoxic waste	R130	Tor all solid wastes accepted	(DoH, 2021)	
Waste from the production or preparation of pharmaceutical products	R140			

- **4.** The licence holder must only accept waste at the premises between the hours of 07:00 to 15:00, and on the days of Monday through to Friday.
- **5.** The licence holder must only accept waste that is stored in a sealed, watertight container that is free from leaks and defects.
- **6.** Where waste does not meet the waste acceptance criteria set out in conditions 3 and 4, the licence holder must:
 - (a) reject the waste;
 - (b) record the details of the:
 - (i) waste (type and description);
 - (ii) source of the waste load;
 - (iii) name of the waste carrier;
 - (iv) registration number of the delivery vehicle;
 - (v) date that the waste load was rejected; and
 - (c) maintain accurate and auditable records of all waste loads rejected from the premises.
- 7. The licence holder must ensure that where waste does not meet the waste acceptance criteria set out in condition 3 or condition 4, it is removed from the premises by the delivery vehicle or, where that is not possible, stored in a quarantined storage area or container and removed to an appropriately authorised facility as soon as practicable.

Waste Processing and Storage

8. The licence holder must ensure that all waste accepted onto the premises are only subjected to the processes and storage as set out in Table 3, and in accordance with any storage and process requirements set out in Table 3.

Table 3: Waste processing and storage

Waste type	Process(s)	Processing and storage
Special waste type 2 Clinical and pharmaceutical wastes (controlled waste codes R100, R120, R130 and R140)	Receipt, handling and storage prior to removal	a) Waste must be stored within a minimum three levels of containment consisting of: i. a primary container that is leakproof, weatherproof, puncture proof and sealed; ii. 120 or 240L mobile garbage bins for secondary containment;
		 iii. a sea container for final containment b) Waste must be stored on a hardstand area. c) Waste must be stored at a temperature
		of 7 degrees Celsius or less. d) Waste containers must not be opened and waste may not be consolidated on site.
		e) Waste containers must be removed by a licensed waste carrier for disposal to a

Waste type	Process(s)	Processing and storage
		licensed disposal facility within 14 days of receipt.
		f) Storage and handling as per the Code of Practice for Clinical and Related Waste Management (DoH, 2021).
		g) Must not include waste with the potential for putrefaction.
		h) Must not include liquid wastes outside of small amounts of incidental liquids within the solid waste stream.
All waste types		(a) Waste must be stored within suitable containment that:
		i) completely contains the waste;
		ii) does not allow for the ingress of stormwater; and
		iii) prevents the discharge of contaminants.
		(b) Waste storage areas must be lined with concrete, asphalt or constructed hardstand areas with bunding to prevent spills occurring.
		(c) Waste shall not be mixed or consolidated on the premises.
		(d) Waste vessels shall remain closed and shall not be opened on the premises unless otherwise deemed necessary in an emergency situation.
		(e) No more than 15 tonnes of solid and liquid wastes to be stored on site at any one time.
		(f) Waste must be stored and handled in a manner that prevents incompatible wastes mixing.

Emissions and discharges

- **9.** The licence holder shall immediately recover, or remove and dispose of, spills of environmentally hazardous materials including contaminated solid and liquid wastes, fuel, oil, or other chemicals associated with the storage or handing of waste onsite, whether inside or outside a containment system.
- 10. The licence holder shall ensure that all material used for the recovery, removal, and/or disposal of environmentally hazardous materials is stored in an impermeable container prior to disposal at an appropriately authorised facility.
- **11.** The licence holder shall dispose of contaminated stormwater to an approved waste facility for treatment and or disposal.
- **12.** The licence holder must maintain any drains, collection pits and sumps as appropriate to ensure the continued performance of the site stormwater and drainage systems.

- 13. The licence holder must ensure that separated oil, sediment and other contaminants collected in the sump of the washbay area are removed to an appropriately authorised facility as soon as practicable.
- **14.** The works licence holder must ensure that no waste is burnt on the premises.
- **15.** The licence holder must immediately notify the CEO of:
 - (a) any fire on the premises; and/or
 - (b) any accident, malfunction, or emergency which results or could result in the discharge of fire-fighting wash water or other wastes from the premises.
- **16.** The licence holder must ensure that:
 - (a) no windblown waste escapes from the premises;
 - (b) any windblown waste is collected on at least a weekly basis, and
 - (c) the transfer bins are covered before leaving the premises.

Monitoring

17. The licence holder must record the corresponding time, date and total amount of waste accepted onto the premises and removed from the premises for each waste type listed in Table 4, in the corresponding unit, and for each corresponding time period, as set out in Table 4.

Table 4: Waste accepted onto and removed from the premises

Waste type	Volumes	Information requirements	Frequency
Each waste type received onto the premises, for storage, as specified in Table 2	Tonnes	N/A	For each load arriving at the premises
Each waste type removed from the premises.	Tonnes		For each load leaving or rejected from the premises
Clinical and pharmaceutical wastes (controlled waste codes R100, R120, R130 and R140)	Tonnes,	Maintain record of the date and time waste was received and removed from the site	For each load arriving and leaving the premises

Records

- 18. The licence holder must record the following information in relation to complaints received by the licence holder (whether received directly from a complainant or forwarded to them by the Department or another party) about any alleged emissions from the premises:
 - (a) the name and contact details of the complainant, (if provided):
 - (b) the time and date of the complaint;
 - (c) the complete details of the complaint and any other concerns or other issues raised; and

- (d) the complete details and dates of any action taken by the licence holder to investigate or respond to any complaint.
- **19.** The licence holder must maintain accurate and auditable books including the following records, information, reports, and data required by this licence:
 - (a) the calculation of fees payable in respect of this licence;
 - (b) any maintenance of infrastructure that is performed in the course of complying with condition 8 of this licence;
 - (c) monitoring programmes undertaken in accordance with condition 17 of this licence; and
 - (d) complaints received under condition 18 of this licence.
- **20.** The books specified under condition 20 must:
 - (a) be legible;
 - (b) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original version(s) and any subsequent amendments remain legible and are capable of retrieval;
 - (c) be retained by the licence holder for the duration of the licence; and
 - (d) be available to be produced to an inspector or the CEO as required.

Reporting

- **21.** The licence holder must:
 - (a) undertake an audit of their compliance with the conditions of this licence during the preceding annual period; and
 - (b) prepare and submit to the CEO by no later than 30 days after the end of that annual period an Annual Audit Compliance Report in the approved form.

Definitions

In this licence, the terms in Table 5 have the meanings defined.

Table 5: Definitions

Term	Definition	
ACN	Australian Company Number	
Annual Audit Compliance Report (AACR)	means a report submitted in a format approved by the CEO (relevant guidelines and templates may be available on the Department's website).	
annual period	a 12 month period commencing from 1 January until 31 December of the immediately following year.	
appropriately authorised facility	means a facility which holds approval under the EP Act for the acceptance of the relevant waste type as defined in the Landfill Definitions.	
books	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.	
CEO	means Chief Executive Officer of the Department. "submit to / notify the CEO" (or similar), means either: Director General Department administering the Environmental Protection Act 1986 Locked Bag 10 Joondalup DC WA 6919	
	or: info@dwer.wa.gov.au	
Controlled Waste	has the meaning defined in Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004	
Department	means the department established under section 35 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> (WA) and designated as responsible for the administration of the EP Act, which includes Part V Division 3.	
discharge	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.	
emission	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.	
EP Act	Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)	
EP Regulations	Environmental Protection Regulations 1987 (WA)	
licence	refers to this document, which evidences the grant of a licence by the CEO under section 57 of the EP Act, subject to the specified conditions contained within.	
licence holder	refers to the occupier of the premises, being the person specified on	

Term	Definition		
	the front of the licence as the person to whom this licence has been granted.		
premises	refers to the premises to which this licence applies, as specified at the front of this licence and as shown on the premises maps (Figure 1and 2) in Schedule 1 to this licence.		
prescribed premises	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.		
quarantined storage area or container	 means a designated storage area or container that is: clearly labelled; separated and isolated from other waste storage and processing areas; and designed to contain all non-conforming waste and prevent and mitigate the release to the environment of emissions that may arise from the waste. 		
waste	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.		

END OF CONDITIONS

Schedule 1: Maps

Premises map

The boundary of the prescribed premises is shown in green on the map below (Figure 1).

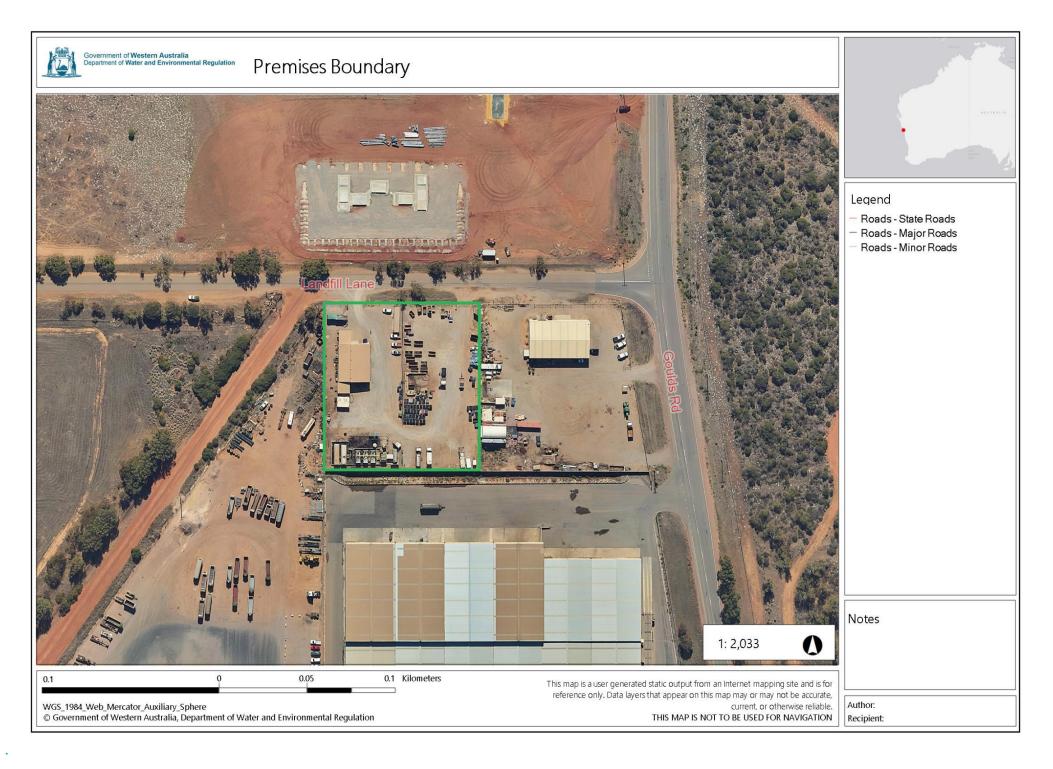


Figure 1: Map of the boundary of the prescribed premises

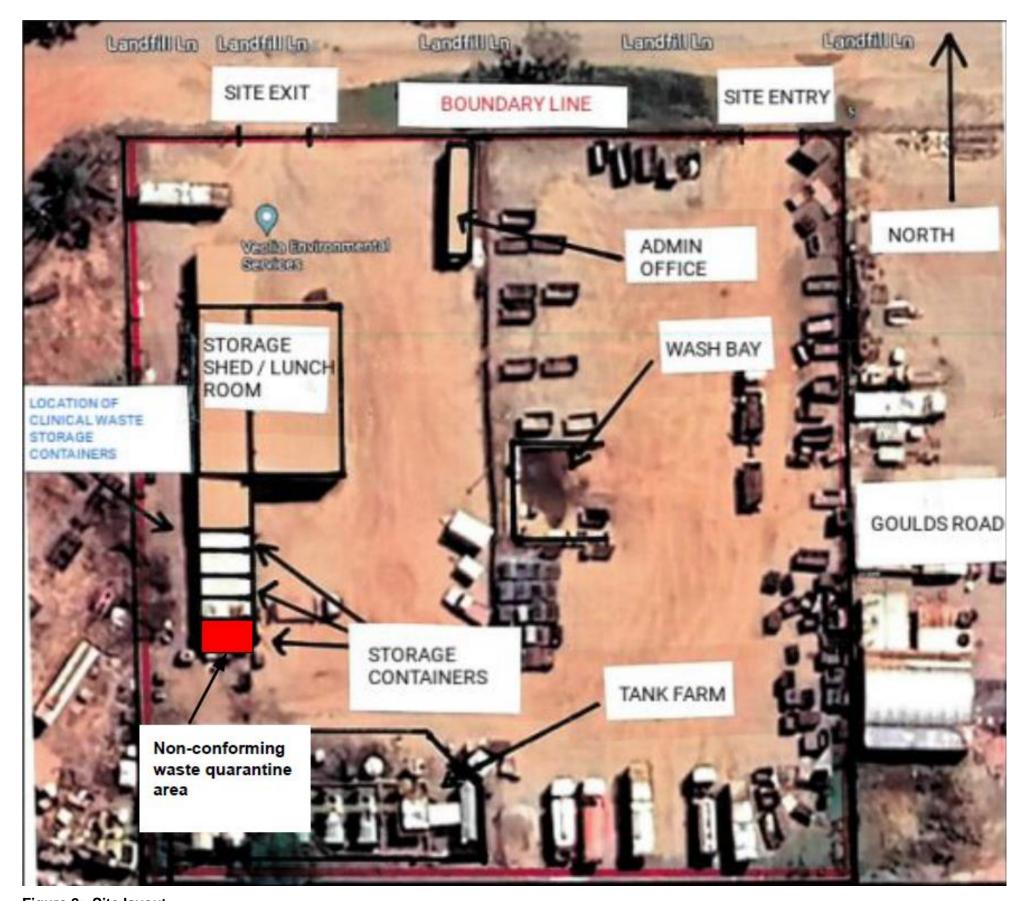
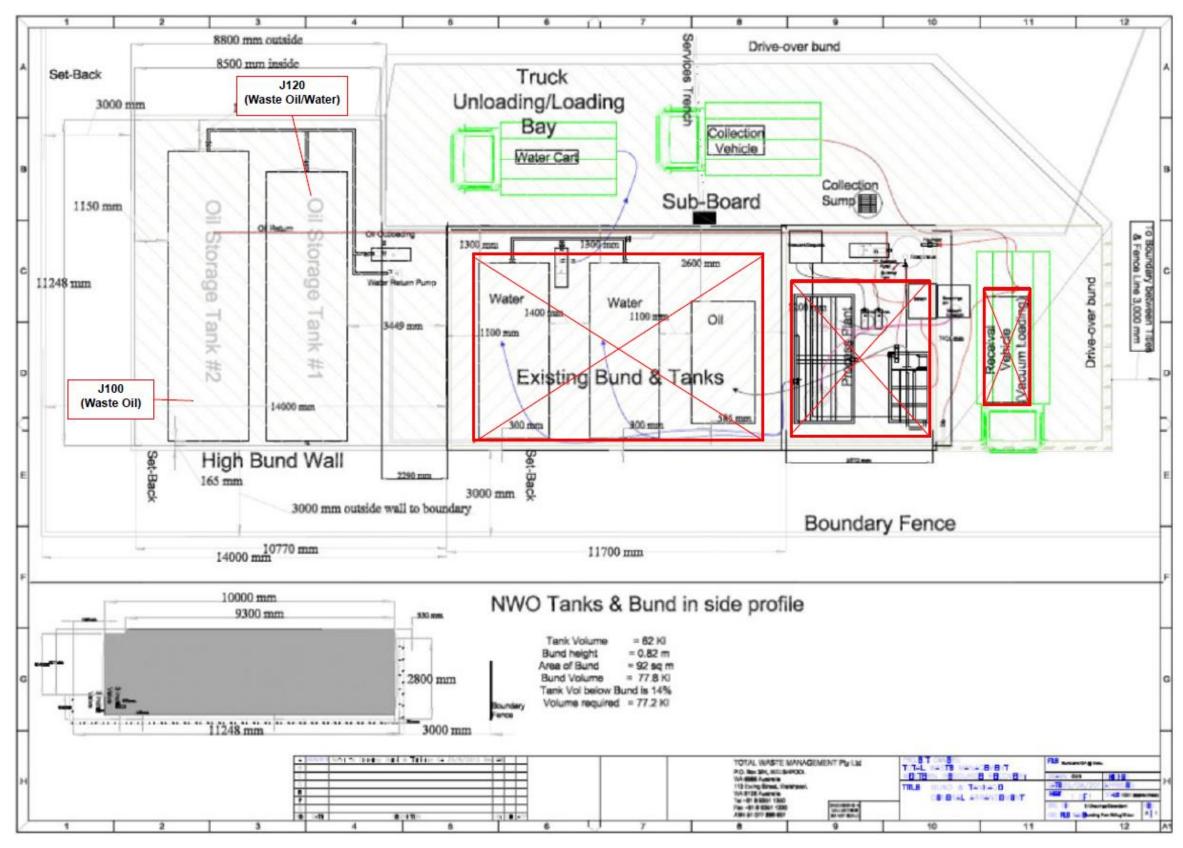


Figure 2: Site layout



Note: Red outlined and crossed areas are no longer operational

Figure 3: Tanks and bunded area layout

Schedule 2: Premises boundary

The corners of the premises boundary are the coordinates listed in Table 2 .

Table 1: Premises boundary coordinates (GDA2020)

	Easting	Northing
1.	-28.80384	114.66993
2.	-28.80383	114.67075
3.	-28.80459	114.66994
4.	-28.80459	114.67075